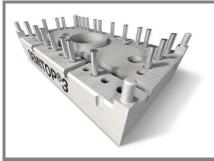
SK 9 DGD 065 ET



SEMITOP® 3

3-phase bridge rectifier + 3-phase bridge inverter

SK 9 DGD 065 ET

Preliminary Data

Features

- · Compact design
- · One screw mounting
- Heat transfer and isolation through direct copper bonded alumium oxide ceramic (DCB)
- Ultrafast NPT technology IGBT
- CAL Technology FWD
- Integrated NTC temperature sensor

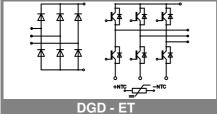
Typical Applications*

Inverter

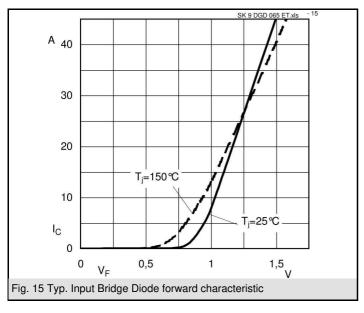


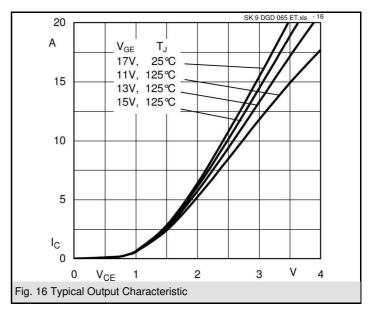
Absolute Maximum Ratings T _s = 25°C, unless otherwise specifie							
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units				
IGBT - Inverter							
V_{CES}		600	V				
I _C	T _s = 25 (80) °C	12 (8)	Α				
I _{CRM}	$I_{CRM} = 2 \times I_{Cnom}, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	12	Α				
V_{GES}		±20	V				
T _j		-40 + 150	°C				
Diode - Inverter							
I _F	T _s = 25 (80) °C	20 (13)	Α				
I _{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 2xI_{Fnom}, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	16	Α				
T _j		-40 + 150	°C				
Rectifier							
V_{RRM}		800	V				
I _F	T _s = 80 °C	25	Α				
I _{FSM} / I _{TSM}	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$, sin 180 °, $T_i = 25 \text{ °C}$	220	Α				
I ² t	t _p = 10 ms , sin 180 ° ,T _i = 25 °C	240	A²s				
T _j		-40 + 150	°C				
T _{sol}	Terminals, 10s	260	°C				
T _{stg}		-40 + 125	°C				
V _{isol}	AC, 1 min. / 1s	2500 / 3000	V				

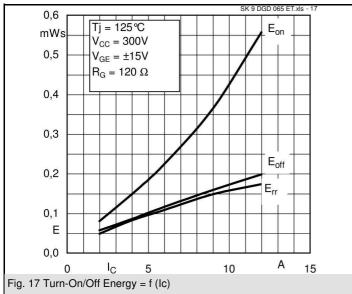
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline \textbf{Symbol} & \textbf{Conditions} & \textbf{min.} & \textbf{typ.} & \textbf{max.} & \textbf{Units} \\ \hline \textbf{IGBT - Inverter} \\ \hline \hline \textbf{V}_{CEsat} & \textbf{I}_{C} = 6 \text{ A, } \textbf{T}_{j} = 25 \text{ (125) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{OE(H)} & \textbf{V}_{GE} = \textbf{V}_{CE}, \textbf{I}_{C} = 0.5 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CE(TO)} & \textbf{T}_{j} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (125) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{T_{j}} & \textbf{T}_{j} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (125) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CE} = \textbf{V}_{CE} = \textbf{V}_{CE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{CE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{C}_{oes} & \textbf{V}_{CE} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{C}_{oes} & \textbf{V}_{CE} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{V}_{Ce} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{Ce} = \textbf{0} \text{ V, } f = $	Characteristics T _s = 25°C, unless					pecified		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	IGBT - Inverter							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V _{CEsat}	I _C = 6 A, T _i = 25 (125) °C		2 (2,2)		V		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$V_{GE(th)}$		3		5			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V _{CE(TO)}							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	r _T							
$ \begin{array}{c} C_{\text{res}} & V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ R_{\text{th}(j \cdot s)} & \text{per IGBT} \\ \end{array}{c} 0,25 & \text{nF} \\ R_{\text{th}(j \cdot s)} \\ \text{t}_{\text{d(on)}} & \text{under following conditions} \\ t_{\text{r}} & V_{\text{CC}} = 300 \text{ V, } V_{\text{GE}} = \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ t_{\text{d(off)}} & I_{\text{C}} = 6 \text{ A, } T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ t_{j} & R_{\text{Gon}} = R_{\text{Goff}} = 120 \Omega \\ \text{E}_{\text{on}} & \text{inductive load} \\ \end{array}{c} 0,22 & \text{mJ} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} E_{\text{On}} \\ E_{\text{off}} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Diode - Inverter \\ V_{\text{F}} = V_{\text{EC}} \\ V_{\text{(TO)}} & T_{j} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} (125) ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{\text{TO}} \\ T_{\text{T}} & 25 ^{\circ}\text{C} (125) ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,35 \\ V \\ V_{\text{TO}} \\ V_{\text{T}} \\ V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{E}} \text{C} (125) ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 4,2 \\ Q_{\text{rr}} \\ E_{\text{rr}} \\ V_{\text{GE}} = 0 \text{ V, } T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{di}_{\text{F/dt}} = -120 \text{A/µs} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Diode \text{rectifier} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} \\ V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} \\ V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} & 125 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{di}_{\text{F/dt}} & -120 \text{A/µs} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Diode \text{rectifier} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} & V_{\text{F}} & 125 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{di}_{\text{F/dt}} & -120 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,11 \\ V \\ V_{\text{(TO)}} & T_{j} & 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,11 \\ V \\ V_{\text{(TO)}} & T_{j} & 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,11 \\ V \\ V_{\text{(TO)}} \\ V_{\text{T}} & T_{j} & 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,11 \\ V \\ V_{\text{(TO)}} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1,25 ^{\circ}C$	C _{ies}	$V_{CE} = V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, f} = 1 \text{ MHz}$		•				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C _{oes}			,				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				0,25				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	R _{th(j-s)}	'			2,6	K/W		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		_				ns		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						_		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	t _{d(off)}	$I_C = 6 \text{ A}, T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	t _f							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	E _{on}	inductive load						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				0,12		mJ		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		verter						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1,35				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V _(TO)			, ,		V		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•	T _j = 25 °C (125) °C		(44)		mΩ		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$R_{th(j-s)}$	'			2,7	K/W		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	I _{RRM}	under following conditions		4,2		Α		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Q_{rr}			0,65		μC		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	E _{rr}	V _{GE} = 0 V, T _j = 125 °C				mJ		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$di_{F/dt}$ = -120 A/ μ s						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Diode rec	tifier						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V_{F}	I _F = 20 A, T _i = 25() °C		1,1		V		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V _(TO)			0,85		V		
Temperatur sensor R_{ts} 5 %, T_r = 25 (100) °C 5000(493) Ω Mechanical data w 31 g		T _j = 150 °C		15		mΩ		
Temperatur sensor R_{ts} 5 %, T_r = 25 (100) °C 5000(493) Ω Mechanical data w 31 g	R _{th(j-s)}	per diode			2,15	K/W		
R_{ts} 5 %, T_r = 25 (100) °C 5000(493) Ω Mechanical data w 31 g								
w 31 g		1		5000(493)		Ω		
	Mechanical data							
${ m M_s}$ Mounting torque 2,3 2,5 Nm	w			31		g		
	M_s	Mounting torque	2,3		2,5	Nm		

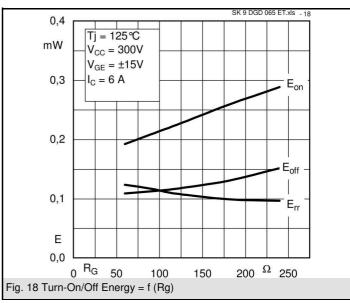


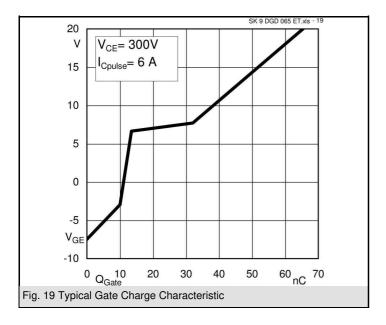
SK 9 DGD 065 ET



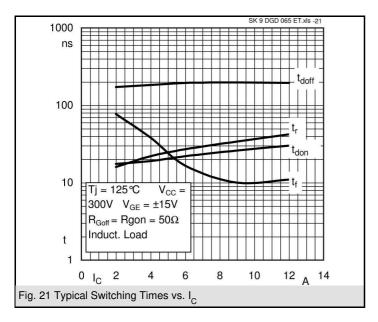


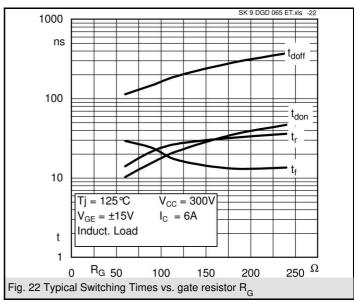


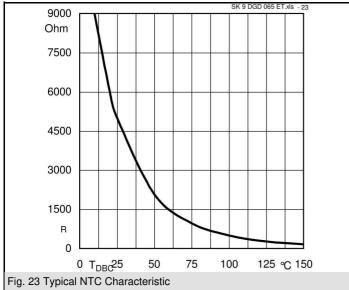


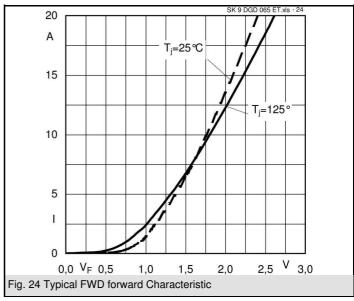


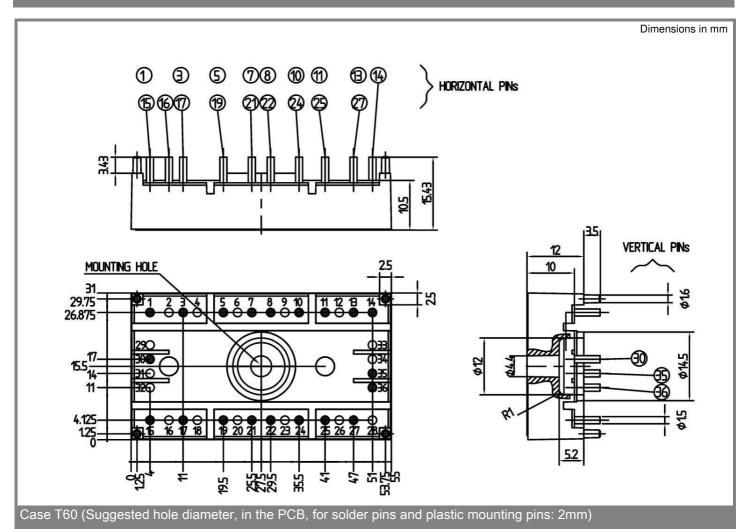
SK 9 DGD 065 ET

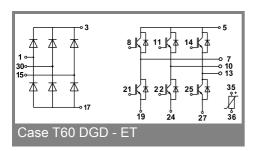












This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.

4 09-06-2008 DIL © by SEMIKRON